Creating a brighter future

CANTO2015 "Improving lives through broadband innovation"

Edgar Aker, Member of the board, FTTH Council Europe

CANTO2015, Paramaribo, 26 Januari 2015



FTTH Council Europe

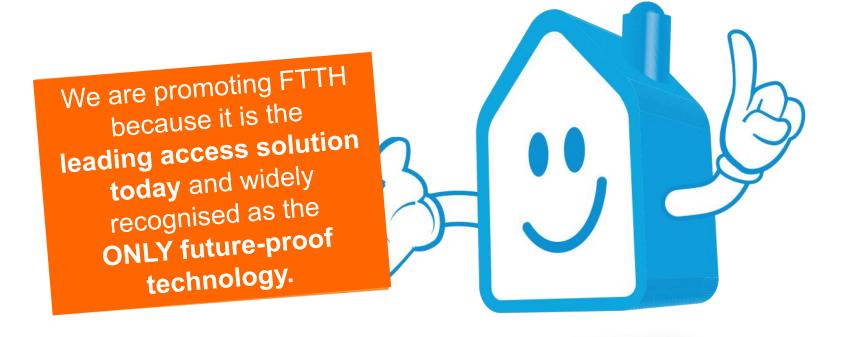


What is FTTH Council Europe?

- Industry organisation created in 2004, today powerful organisation with over **150 member companies** from across Europe, deployers of fiber, vendors, universities and academics.
- Our vision: "a sustainable future for Europe with enhanced quality of life, enabled by FTTH"
- Our mission: "to accelerate the availability of fibre-based, ultra-highspeed access networks"
- Our job is to provide information about FTTH to a wide range of broadband stakeholders (European and National policy makers, journalists, operators, investors, etc)
- Go to our web site: www.ftthcouncil.eu "Resources" tab, for all our collection of reports/studies, case studies, opinion articles, monthly newsletter, but also clips and photos

Our job is to help YOU







Myths about FTTH



We can achieve the same results with other technologies / FTTH is only a bit faster than other technologies

There's no demand, we don't need it

It is too expensive, we can't afford it, there is no business case, the ROI is too risky

Governments have more urgent issues to solve that require public money

FTTH is not relevant now / we don't want it now

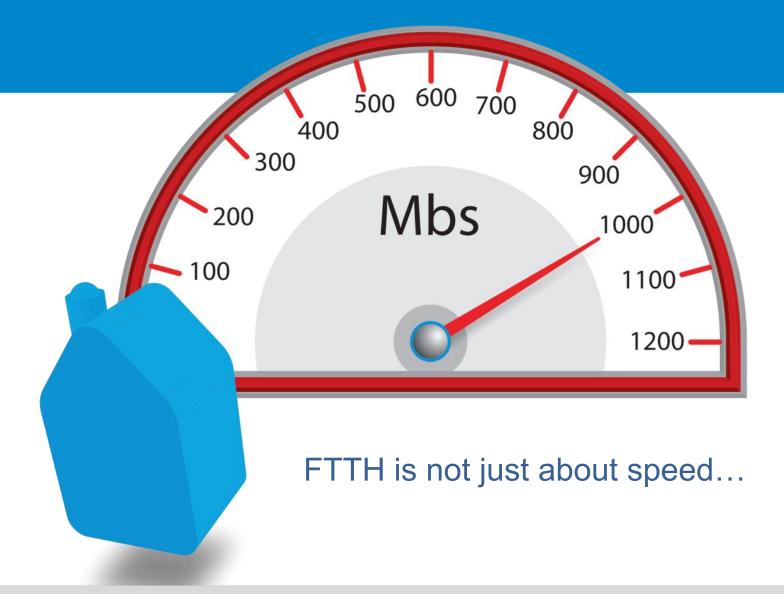


Myths about FTTH

- Considering all we know today, how come we still hear these myths about FTTH?
- Sounds familiar?

Let's have a closer look...







FTTH is not just about speed

- FTTH is not just about speed, it is an enabler, because it offers:
 - The fastest possible speeds with virtually unlimited bandwidth
 - Symmetrical/ almost symmetrical speeds, enabling video intensive interactive services
 - Reduced latency, i.e. no buffer, no delay, no interruptions, this is necessary for real-time services
 - Resilience: failures are rare and if they do occur they don't have much effect on Quality of Service
 - Limited contention: better chance to get what you pay for at any time than DSL (FCC 2012)
 - No sharing frequencies with other users, no interferences, same speed regardless of the number of users (versus mobile) or distance from the cabinet (versus copper)

We are not talking about adding a few Mbps downstream, we are talking about a revolution in the way people live and work





There is Demand for FTTH

- Fact = there is demand when there are services (Diffraction Analysis 2012).
- By 2025 80% of German homes will need 60+Mbps upstream, 43.5% will need 170+Mbps upstream (Breko 2012)
- FTTH subscribers are more satisfied (53% Verizon FTTH customers, vs. 37% on AT&T FTTN)
- They use the bandwidth (Ovum 2009: FTTH users use 3-4 times more bandwidth than with other broadband technologies)
- They would never go back to previous technologies
- They are willing to pay for value added services (Diffraction Analysis 2012)
- They rank speed + reliability higher than price in operator choice (Internet Society 2012)
- Some dig up their own trenches to get FTTH (Altibox/Norway, rural projects/UK...)
- As with railways or smartphones, awareness + availability = demand

European consumers will soon be demanding services available in other parts of the world and operators won't be able to deliver!

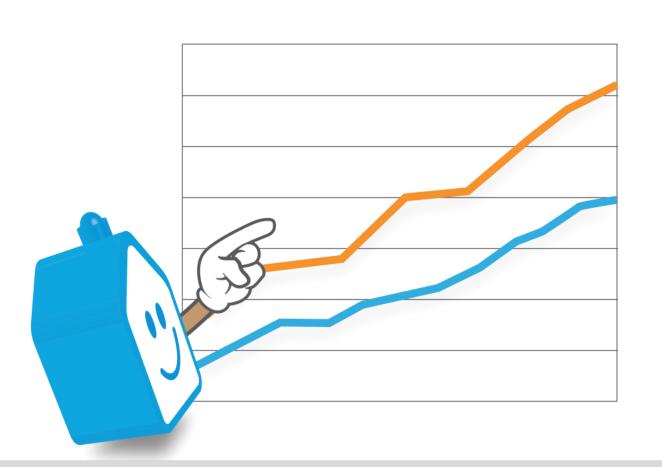


Don't just take our word for it!

"When people get access to fibre, they don't just use more bandwidth, they find new ways of using it, too"

<u>Jacob Bolin</u>, Project Manager, Swedish Broadband Forum

Costing and funding Fibre roll-out



Food for thought:

EU operators invested €24.8 billion on fixed infrastructure in 2011. Over 9 years to 2020 = €216 billion

Estimated cost of deploying FTTH = €202 billion



The cost of deploying Fibre

- The cost of building future-proof FTTH cannot be compared to short term fixes (e.g. upgrades of obsolete copper networks).
- A costing model was generated (by Comsof and Atesio) to calculate the total expected cost of achieving DAE targets (100% of homes passed and 50% of homes with subscribers) for EU27 countries: Initial result = €202 billion

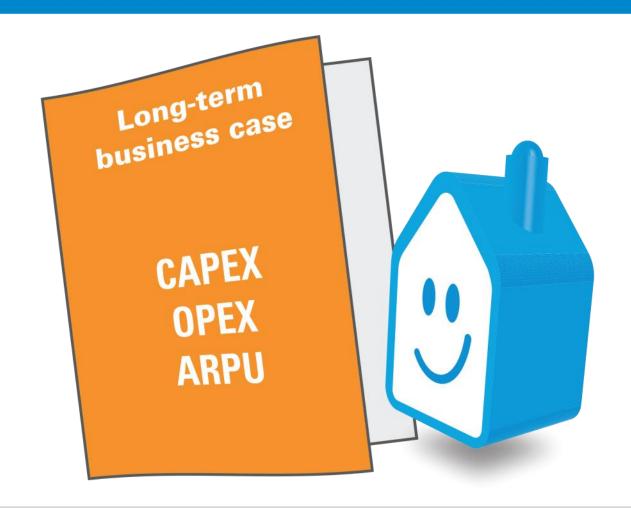
This total cost can be met by different means, for example:

- ETNO announced that in 2011, incumbents investment in fixed = €24.8 billion!!
- Private investors are willing to invest in FTTH as an asset class e.g. EIB,
 Soros, pension funds small projects can be regrouped to be on the investors radar
- Governments also have a role to play to provide incentives

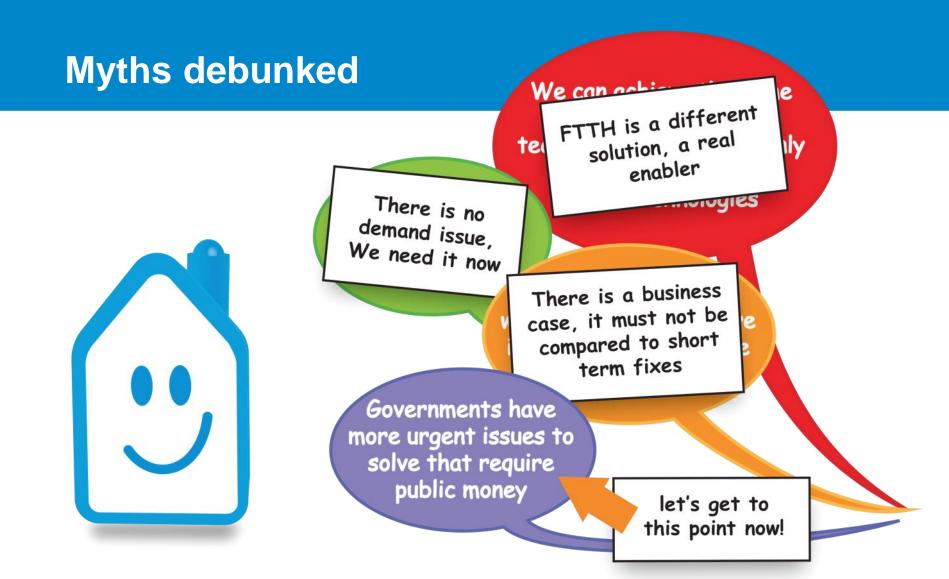
Investing in a future-proof infrastructure for Europe is not unaffordable "Do smart roll-out with reliable partners and focus on deployment cost!"



What about the business case?









Public authorities have a role to play

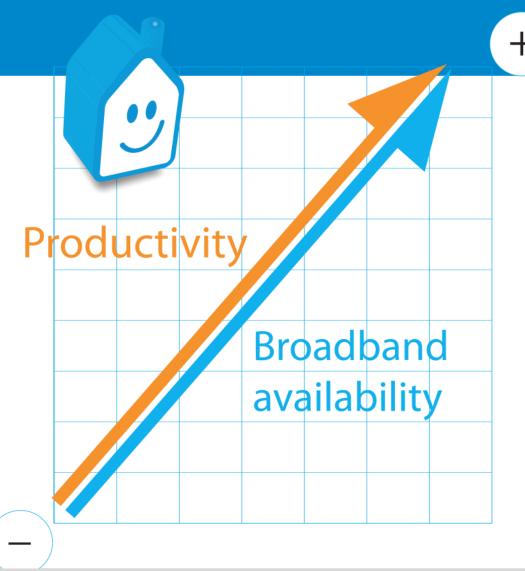




What economical issues are we facing? 000 jobs



FTTH contributes to economic growth



"Europe's economic future requires smart, sustainable and fully interconnected transport, energy and digital networks."

Anna Krzyzanowska, DG Information Society & Media, European Commission

FTTH contributes to economic growth

Issue = economic downturn

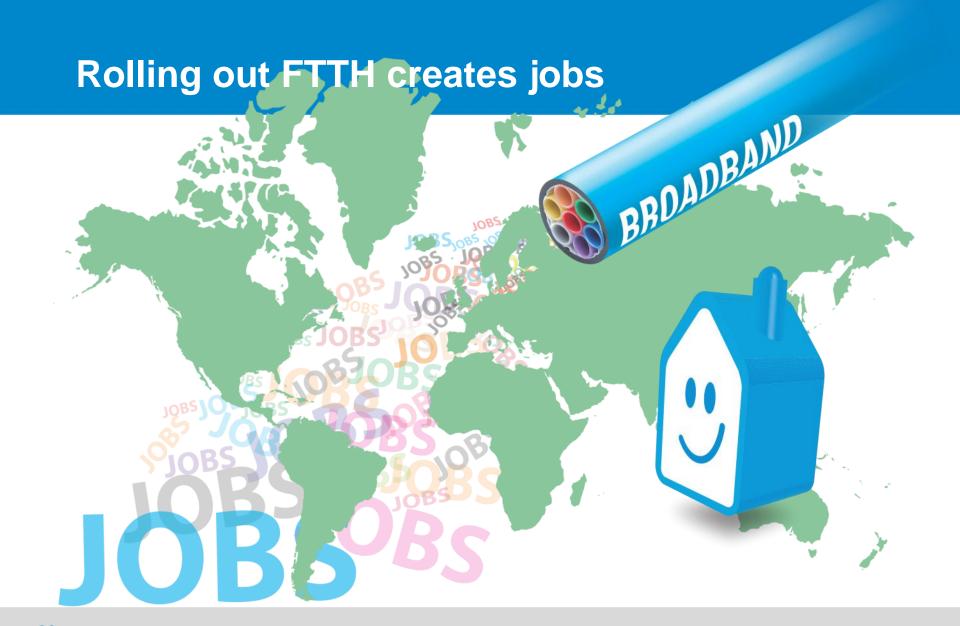
- We should invest in our future and deploy FTTH
- Why? Because FTTH contributes to Europe's economic recovery

There are plenty of economists' reports about this, pick your choice:

- 10% increase in broadband penetration = 1% GDP increase (Arthur D Little 2011)
- 10% increase in broadband penetration = 1.5% labour productivity growth over next 5 years (Booz & Company 2012, used by World Bank).
- Broadband speeds X2 = 0.3% GDP increase (Ericsson/Arthur D. Little/Chalmers Uni. 2011)
- Cloud computing in 52 countries = \$800 billion net new business revenues from 2009-2013 (IDC 2012)
- 10% more internet = 24% higher revenues + 7% reduced costs for businesses The positive ROI on e-solutions for improving productivity is 8.9% higher for fibre users than for cable users and 14.2% higher than for DSL users (Strategic Networks Group, USA, 2012)

FTTH contributes to macroeconomic growth, business productivity. Europe needs FTTH to remain competitive in the Global market.







Rolling out FTTH creates jobs

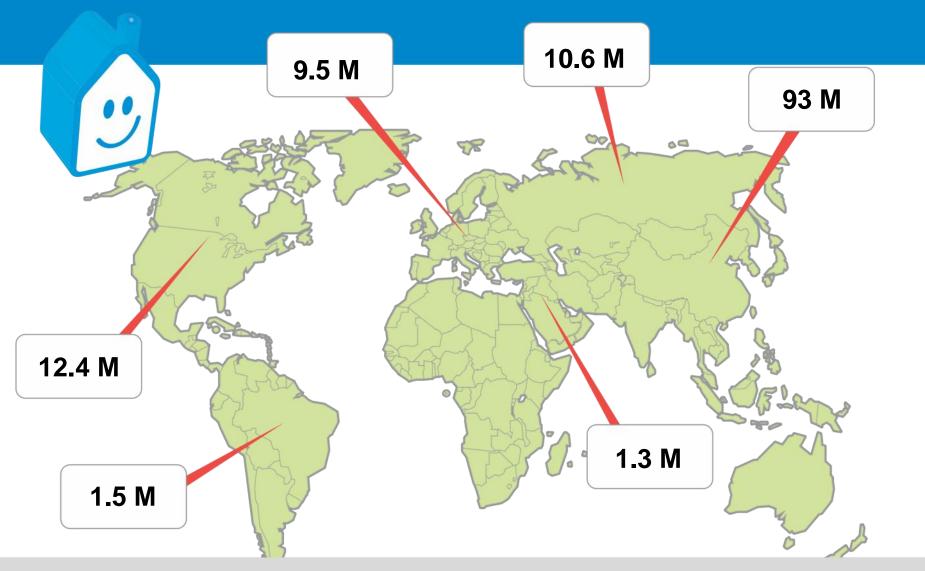
Issue = unemployment

- 1,000 new broadband customers = 80 new jobs (Arthur D Little 2011)
- In France, building FTTH network = 360.000 new jobs per year (European Commission 2012).
- Australia expects the national FTTH network = 25,000 new jobs/year during 8-year build, peaking at 37,000

It is a fact that rolling-out FTTH creates jobs, and the skills gained in the process are a competitive advantage for early adopters



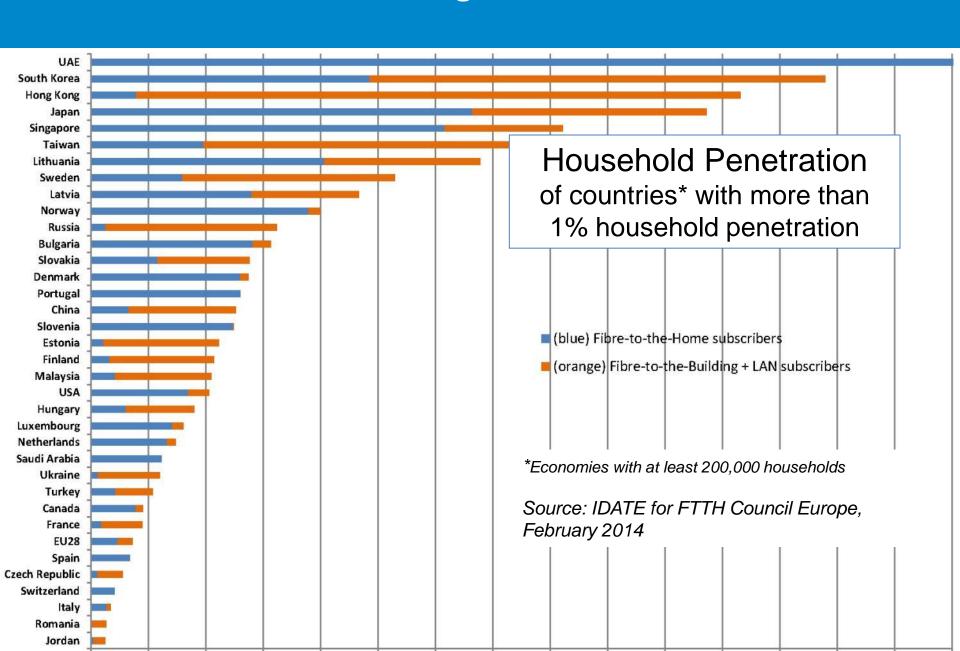
FTTH/B Global Panorama end 2013 – total subscribers





Source: FTTH Global Councils, February 2014

FTTH/B Global Ranking – end 2013



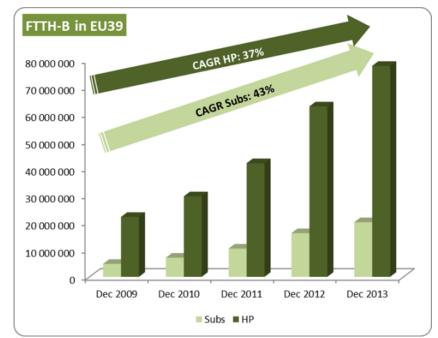
FTTH/B figures at end 2013

EU39: 20.1 M subscribers and 77.8 M Homes Passed

CIS countries (*): 10.6 M subscribers

Number of FTTH/B subscribers and Homes Passed (Dec 2009 to Dec 2013)





Average take up rate in EU39 at end 2013: 25.9%

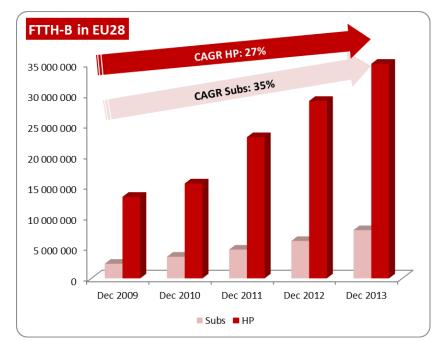


FTTH/B figures at end 2013

EU28: 7.8 M subscribers and 34.9 M Homes Passed



Number of FTTH/B subscribers and Homes Passed (Dec 2009 to Dec 2013)



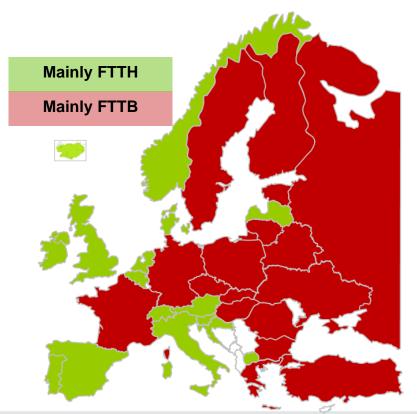
Average take up rate in EU28 at end 2013: 22.5%



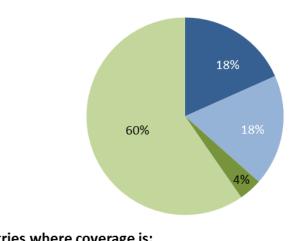
Technologies and architectures

EU39: 66% FTTB vs 34% FTTH - 29% PON vs 71% P2P

EU28: 43% FTTB vs 57% FTTH - 45% PON vs 55% P2P (Homes Passed segmentation)



% of HP per technology in EU28



Countries where coverage is:

■ 100% PON ■ >= 50% PON ■ 100% P2P ■ > 50% P2P



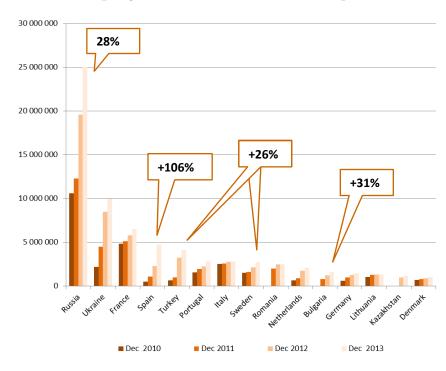
General ranking: FTTH/B Homes Passed

15 countries with 1 M HP or more in EU39

11 countries in EU28

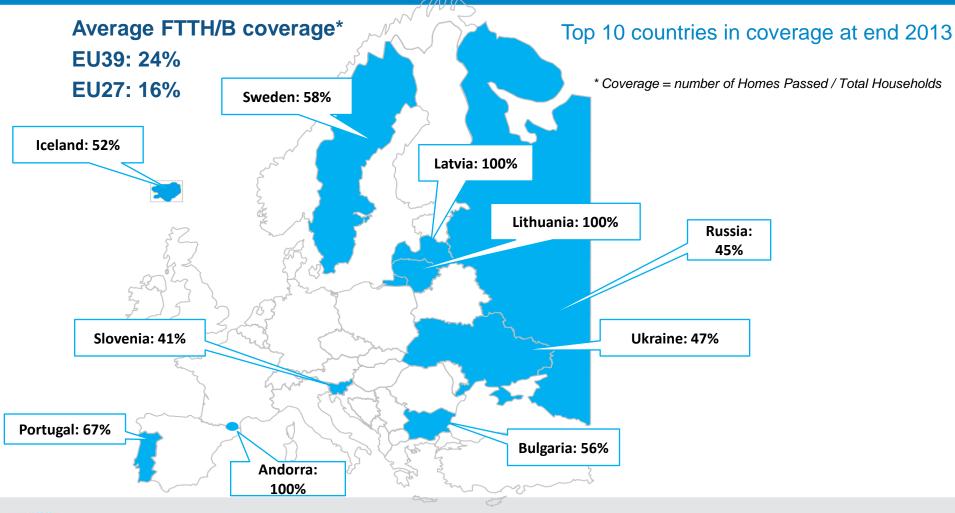


Countries with 1M HP or more at end 2013 [Top 5 Growth rates 2013]





General ranking: FTTH/B Coverage

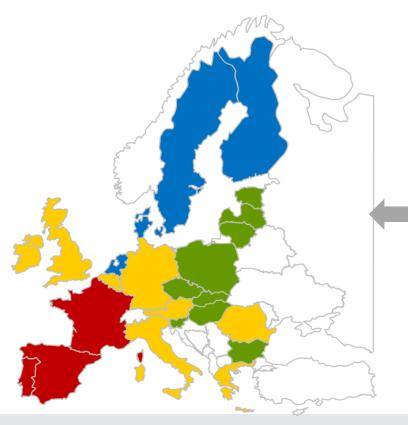




Highest growths: New FTTH/B subscribers in 2013

20% of FTTH/B subscribers in EU39 are 2013 "new subscribers"

This rate reaches 22.5% in EU28



Top 4 countries for 2013 new subs in EU39

| Russia | | + 1,423 K |
|--------|-------------------|-----------|
| Turkey | \longrightarrow | + 510 K |
| France | \longrightarrow | + 373 K |
| Spain | | + 227 K |

% of EU28 2013 new FTTH/B subscribers

France + Spain + Portugal => 31%

Scandinavian countries + Netherlands => 31%

Eastern countries => 25%

Rest of EU27 => 12%



THE FUTURE IS



Final conclusions

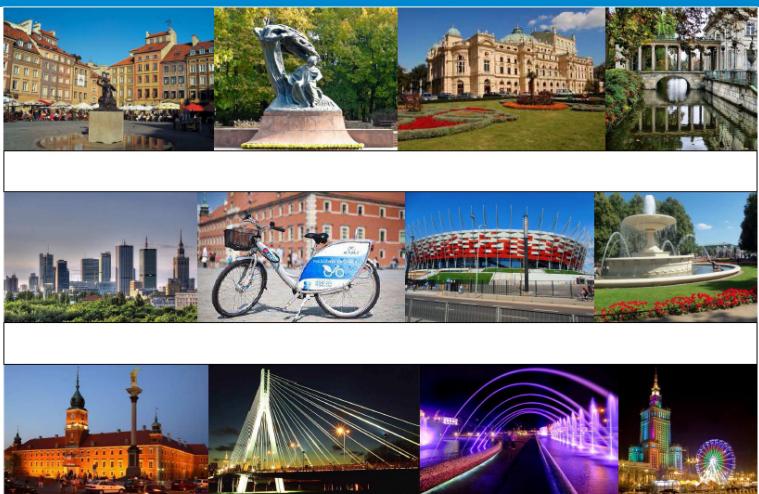
- Who really demanded roads and railways?
- Who really needed the internet and mobile devices?
- Not so long ago, we were happy with three channels on TV to choose from and had to go to the library to find the answers to most questions.
 Remember?
- We can't predict what will happen in 10 or 20 years, we only know that we are in the midst of the **Internet revolution** and have seen nothing yet!
- All we can do is get ready by putting in place the right tools & platforms not only for ourselves when we grow old, but mostly for our children, to ensure a sustainable future for Europe.

So the question isn't: 'Do we need fibre?'.

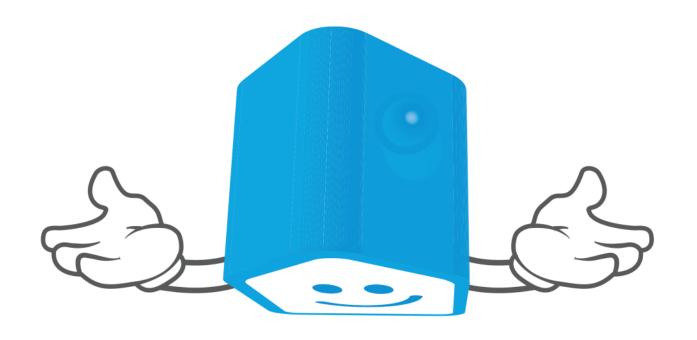
The real question is: "How long can we afford to wait?"



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